

advocate. educate. support.

DEFINITIONS OF SERVICES

Bariatrics – A branch of medicine that deals with the causes, prevention and treatment of obesity. This service identifies the specific needs of the bariatric resident population.

Beauty/Barber – Salon services provided to residents by a licensed individual on site.

Care Management (Service Coordination) – The process of assessment, planning of care from admission through discharge, and planning and care of services post-discharge. Includes development, referral, coordination of services, and evaluation of the plan which results in a system of support based on client/family needs, priorities, and goals. This service is often available to all residents in a community.

Chore Services – Services needed inside or outside of a private home to maintain a safe, healthy structure. May include home modifications or physical adaptations which support access and independence.

Day Care, Adult – A program designed to meet the needs of adults in a community with functional or cognitive disabilities in a protective setting during any part of the day but less than 24 hours.

Day Care, Child – A program designed to enhance the physical, social and cognitive skills of the healthy child in a protective environment during any part of the day but less than 24 hours.

Home Health Care – An array of services intended to foster health and independence in one's own home, including but not limited to intermittent, skilled nursing care; therapy services; and homemaker/home health aide care.

Homemaker Services – Services inside a private home needed to maintain a healthy living environment. May include cleaning, laundry, meal preparation, child care, and other services. Does not include personal care.

Hospice – A program of palliative care to patients and their families in the last six months of a terminal illness and during the bereavement period. May be in the facility with contracted services from an outside vendor, or the facility may offer its own hospice service to residents of the facility and community at large.

Independent Living – Independent apartment/senior housing (not licensed as assisted living or as a nursing facility).

Meals, Home-Delivered – Nutritional services which provide a prepared meal delivered to a private home in the community.

Memory Support/Dementia Special Care Unit – Designated part of the facility designed and staffed with appropriately trained personnel to meet the needs of a specific population.

Mental Health/Behavioral Health – Provides specific services to meet the needs of mental health issues such as psychotherapy, counseling group activities, and related services.

Palliative Care – An area of health care that focuses on relieving and preventing suffering. Palliative care is appropriate for residents in all disease stages, including those undergoing treatment for curable illnesses and those living with chronic diseases, as well as residents who are nearing the end of life.

Pediatric – Specialized care of children under the age of 19.

Personal Care Aide – An individual who assists with activities of daily living such as personal hygiene, eating, medications, and housekeeping. May be available to residents in a private home (not a facility).

Personal Emergency Response System – A piece of equipment that is worn on the person that, when activated by the client, initiates an emergency response system. Is not a staff call system or an elopement prevention system. May be available to community residents.

Podiatry – Service that focuses on the study of, diagnosis, and treatment of disorders of the foot.

Rehabilitation – An array of therapies provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis by or under the guidance of a licensed professional. May include physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathology, or respiratory therapy. May be available to all residents in a community.

Respite – Any support options provided on a short-term basis for the purpose of providing relief to those who care for someone with special needs. May be provided in a facility or in the home.

Telehealth – The delivery of health-related services and information via telecommunications technologies.

Traumatic Brain Injury – Care of people with damage to the brain resulting from external mechanical force, such as rapid acceleration or deceleration, impact, blast waves, or penetration by a projectile. Brain function is temporarily or permanently impaired and structural damage may or may not be detectable.

Ventilator Dependent – Specialized care of people who are dependent on mechanical respiratory assistance such as a ventilator.

Veteran Administration Contract – Formal agreement to provide services to veterans in conjunction with the Veterans Administration.

Wellness Clinic/Center – A service located within a building which provides advice, counseling, diagnosis, treatment, care, or services relating to the preservation or maintenance of health and provided on an ongoing basis and available to community residents.